

**Can I understand physical
features of India?**

Fast Five

List five areas of comparison between India and Australia

I.e. population

Fast Five - Answers

Population density (India is more densely populated than Australia)

Climate (India is mainly tropical. Mostly high temperatures and dry winters, tropical monsoon season from June to September. Australia has regional climates The northern section of Australia has a more tropical influenced climate, hot and humid in the summer, and quite warm and dry in the winter, while the southern parts are cooler with mild summers and cool, sometimes rainy winters)

Rivers (The longest river in Australia is Murray River which is 1,808km long. India is regarded as a land of rivers as there are so many)

Mountains (The highest mountains on the Australian mainland are in the Snowy Mountains region in New South Wales and the Victorian Alps. The himalayan mountain range connects India and Tibet, and covers 380,292 square miles)

Travel (Most travel in Australia is by car, bike or train. Most travel in India is public transport - it is one of the most heavily used in the world! Two wheeled vehicles like motorcycles or scooters are often used as it helps to weave through traffic)

Himalayas

- The Himalayas cover 380,292 square miles and joins India and Tibet together.
- The highest point is Mount Everest at 29,029 feet.





Although the Himalayas looks uninhabitable, there is still a high population density in some areas. Some people live close to or even in the Himalayas.

The population is still around 500 people people sq km in some areas.

See next page for reference





The Himalayas provide a huge water source from their mountain ranges, which create rivers all the way through India. This is a contributing factor to why the country is so densely populated.

What does the Himalayas bring to India

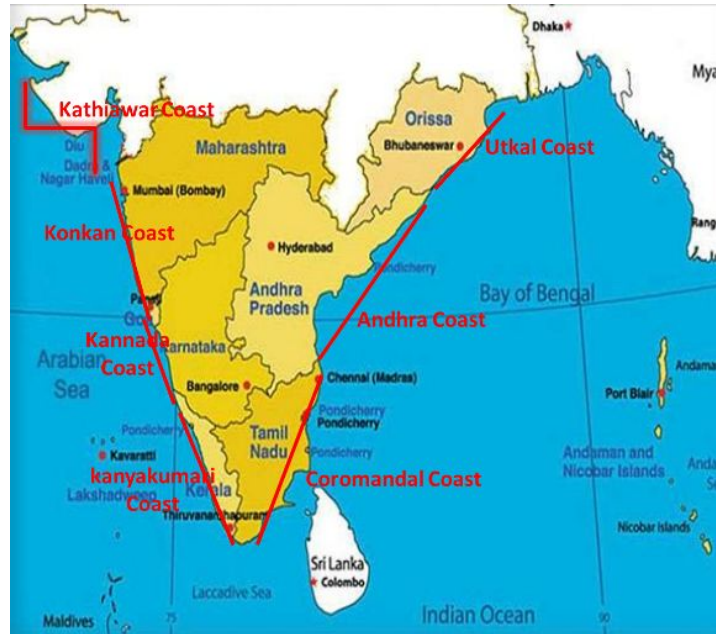
The Himalayas provide India with huge trade and tourism: people coming to visit, climb, hike and explore.

It is a great natural beauty, but it also provides the country with pockets of rich land, extensive grassland and forests, mineral areas (such as graphite, iron, copper, lead and zinc) and an access to utilise water power.

The Coastal Plains of India

Watch this video and make some notes about how the coastal plain impact on India and what they provide (watch from the start until 2.28) <https://safeYouTube.net/w/q2IK>

Western coastal
plains



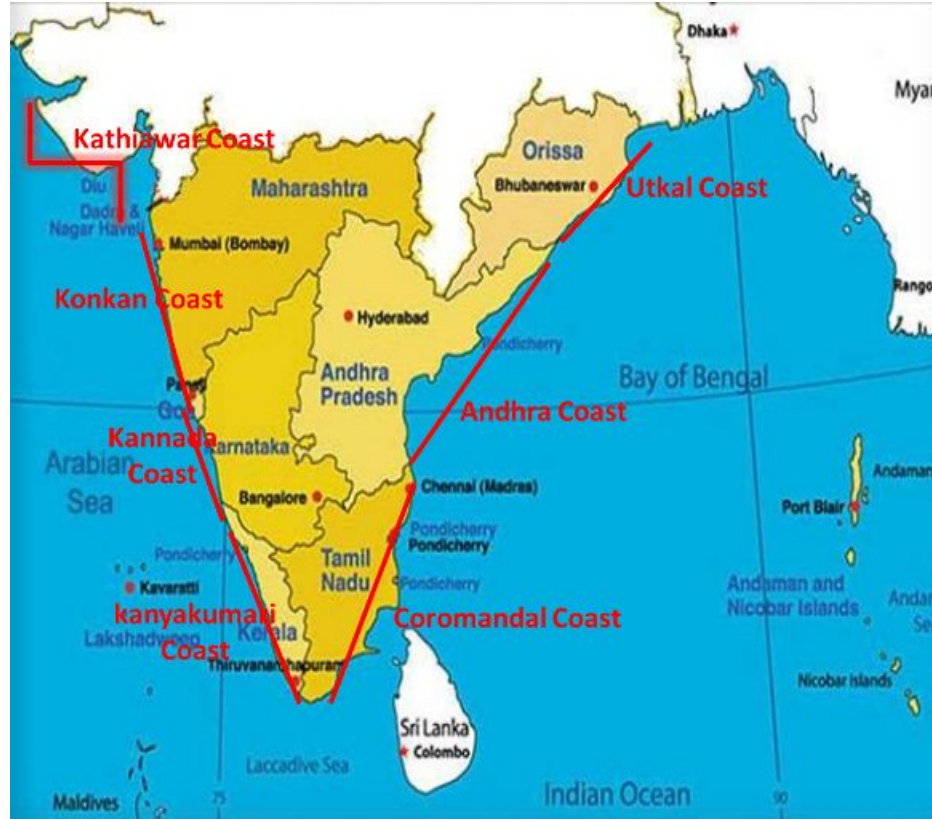
Eastern coastal plains

*My notes are on the
the next slide.*

The Coastal Plains of India

Western coastal plains

- Lagoons attract tourists
- Warm climate all year
- Rivers mean crops can be grown
- Fishing



Eastern coastal plains

- Fertile land good for crops
- Hot and humid, heavy rain october - november
- Ports - transport link

Your Task - Consider what was spoken about in this video and the information you were given. How do these impact on India? Think about jobs and settlement. Write a paragraph about this.

Red - Complete the paragraph by filling in the gaps.

Yellow - Use the word bank and prompting questions to help you write your paragraph.

Green - Write your paragraph - you can use the information from this slide to remind you of facts.

Remember - if you're proud of the paragraph you write, we would love to see it! Please email it to year5@monkwickjunior.school