

Year 4
Summer Week 8
Lesson 3

Can I use adverbs?

Fast Five

Spot the mistakes in these sentences:

Last weak I runned a maratón

At ten, I am meating my freind.

liam wos strongar than here

The flowers in my garden are prety becuse i water them.

Fast Five Answers

Last **week** I **ran** a **marathon**.

At ten, I am **meeting** my **friend**.

Liam was stronger than **her**.

The flowers in my garden are **pretty**
because I water them.

What does an adverb do?

An **adverb** is a word that describes a verb (he sings loudly) and sometimes an **adjective** (very tall)

Adverbs often end in -ly, but not all of them do.

For example:

He arrived late to school. (Here, the **adverb** **late** modifies the verb arrived.)

Sometimes the adverb can go at the beginning of the sentence and this is called a **fronted adverbial**.

What is a fronted adverbial?

A fronted adverbial goes at the beginning of a sentence.

- It adds detail to the verb (the 'doing' word) in the sentence.
- You put a comma at the end of the fronted adverbial.
- It describes where, when and how.

Some examples of fronted adverbials are:

Gently, Jan brushed her teeth.

Suddenly, the ground began to shake.

Every playtime, I meet my friends for a chat.

WHAT fronted adverbial could you use here: (possible suggestions on the next slide)

....., the dog ran after the cat.

Possible answers could be

Quickly, the dog ran after the cat.

Rapidly, the dog ran after the cat,

Without hesitation, the dog ran after the cat.

What ones did you think of?

Share them with **year4@monkwickjunior.school**

Activities

Red: Rewrite the sentences choosing the correct adverb. Change one into a sentence using a fronted adverbial.

Yellow: Rewrite the sentence choosing an appropriate adverb/fronted adverbial.

Green: First, choose an adverb and use it correctly within a sentence using a given list of adverbs. Next, use the words to create sentences with fronted adverbials

Please email your work to year4@monkwickjunior.school